

PBS Content Supply Chain Optimization

André V. Mendes
Vice President & Chief Technology
Integration Officer
PBS

PBS' Content Supply Chain Optimization

- Project Goals:
 - Tape less environment
 - One codec cycle
 - One ingest cycle
 - One technical evaluation
 - Metadata driven process
 - Leverage files/IT/IP storage and transport
 - Efficient content utilization/reutilization
 - Cost savings

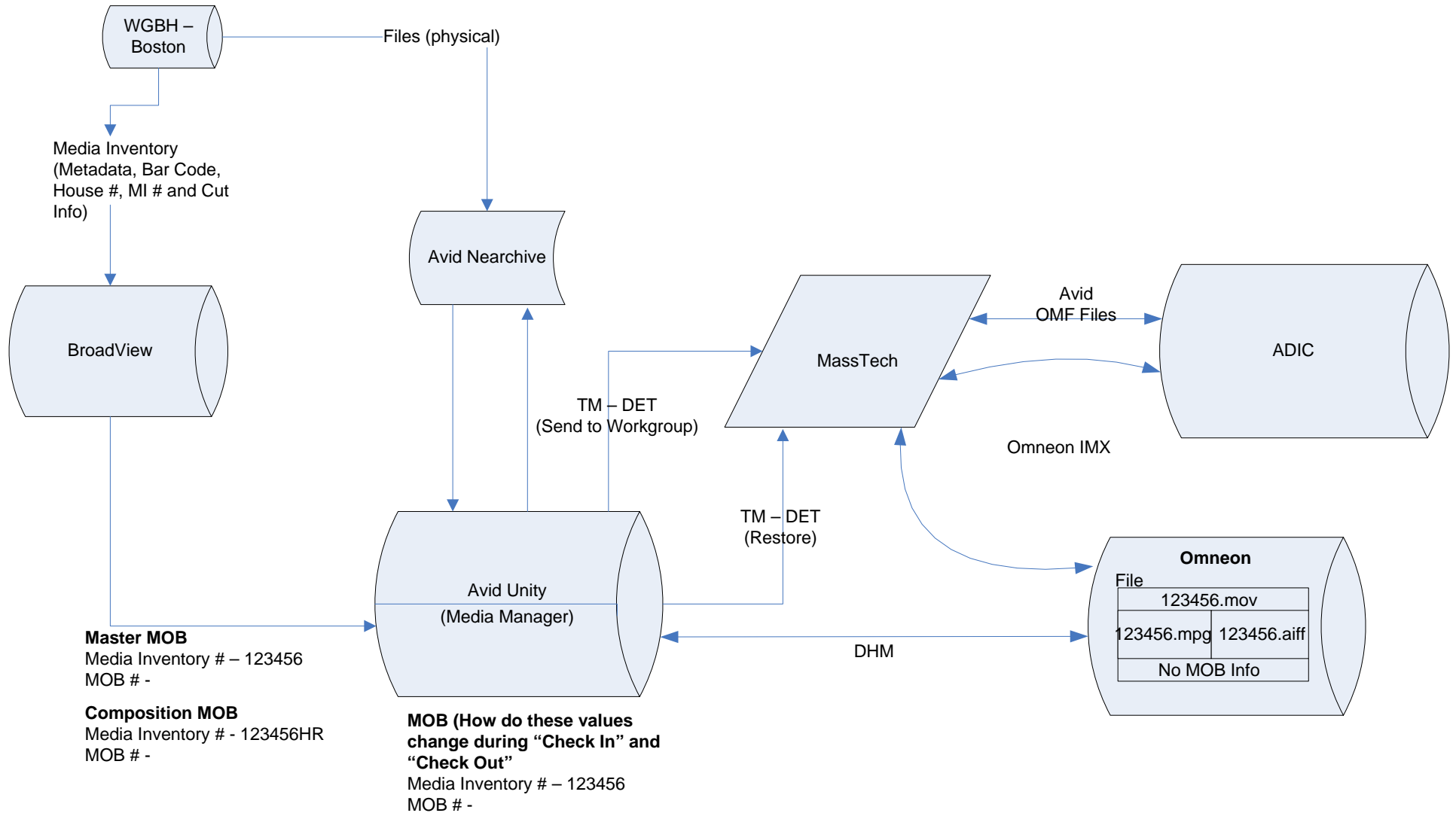
Starting point

- Entirely tape and real time driven
 - 90% in the can, 10% real time
- Producer
 - Tech eval, lay to tape, QC check, Fedex, courier, etc.
- PBS
 - Ingest tape, tech eval, dub screening VHS, screen, add features (CC, SAP, DVS), lay to tape, tech eval, ingest, QC, play-out, purge, ingest, QC, play-out, ingest, QC, refeed
- Member Station
 - Record, ingest, tech eval, play-out, purge, ingest, play-out

Step 1 – mid May 2005

- Optimize PBS' content handling
 - Ingest into AVID environment (last PBS tape interaction)
 - Tech eval, exact timing, during ingest
 - Archive IMX 50 version via DET interface (Masstech)
 - Create IMX 50 file via DHM interface (Omneon)
 - Package 8Mbps MPEG distribution file (Omneon)
 - Archive MPEG file (Masstech)
 - Create 1.5 Mbps Proxy screening file (Masstech)
 - Archive Proxy file (Masstech)
 - Use Proxy to screen, annotate and approve (Broadview)
 - Insert file into air schedule, retrieve from archive, play-out
 - Automatic purge and reload if scheduled later

Ingest and preparation workflow



Step 2 – Summer 2005

- Enhance major producer-PBS distribution
 - Major producers (WGBH, WNET) = 60% of content
 - Both use AVID content production tools
 - Technical Evaluation filters applied
 - Internet based IMX 50 transfer
 - Eliminates tape, laying to tape, Tech eval at producer
 - Eliminates tape transport (Back-office, Fed Ex, Courier)
 - Eliminates back office, ingest, Tech Eval, tape management
 - Faster, using existing resources
 - Eliminates, multiple versions
 - Standard PBS process

Step 3 –2006

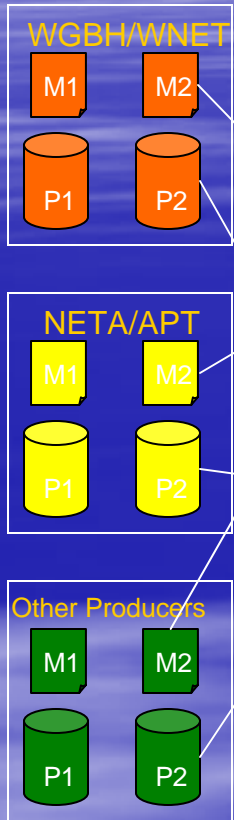
- Optimize major producer-PBS distribution
 - Producer sends proxy via Internet
 - Screened, annotated and approved at PBS
 - Tech Evaluation filters applied
 - Producer creates MPEG distribution file
 - Internet delivery to PBS
 - PBS archives, schedules and distributes

Step 3 – Now to Fall 2006

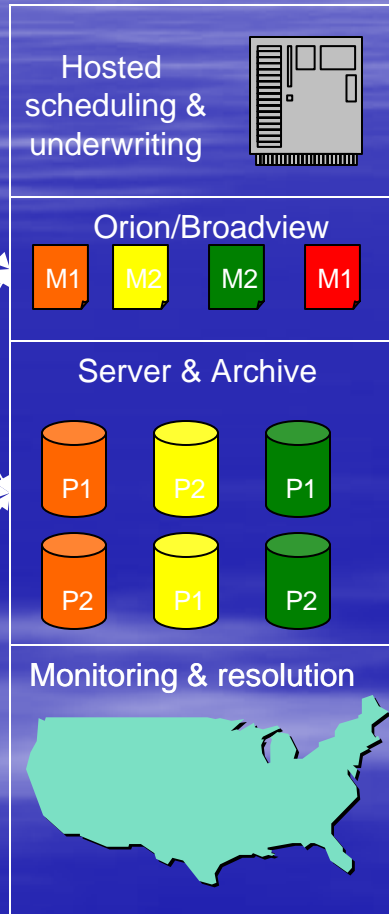
- Next Generation Interconnection System (NGIS)
 - Most content sent NRT (IP multicasting via satellite)
 - Internet based verification back channel (VPN)
 - Edge server storage (continually getting cheaper)
 - Faster (4-6X), once, across schedules (15-20X)
 - Transponder savings
 - Move to play-out server
 - Play out, purge, reschedule at will
- One ingest, 1 codec, 1 tech eval
- Streamlined station processing

Public Television's Content Supply Chain

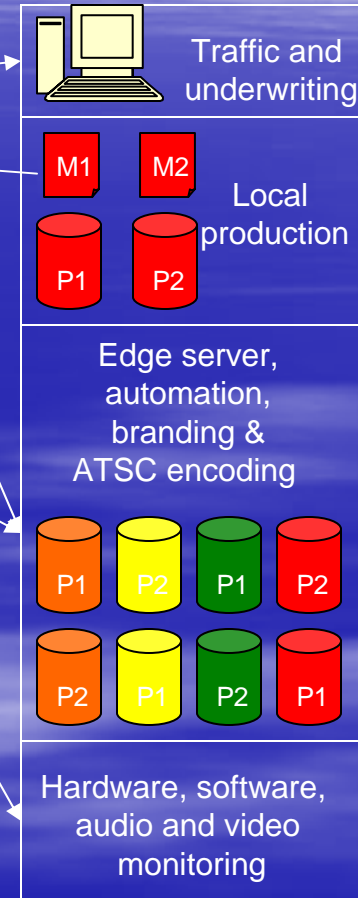
Manufacturing



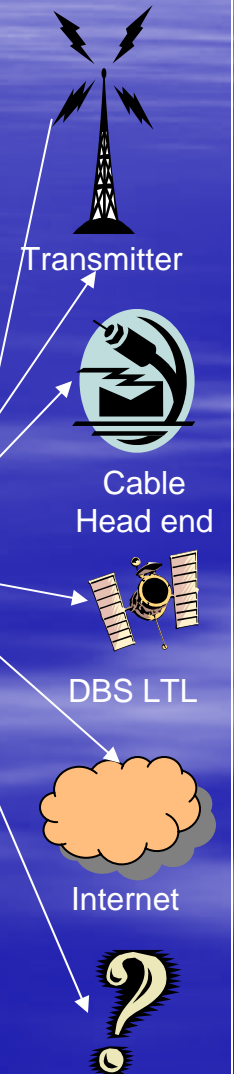
Distribution



Retail



Consumer



Major obstacles

- Requirements (Untangling the Gordian knot)
 - We do what! How! Why?????
 - Ooops! I forgot...How will we deal with? (n times)
- The fiefdom syndrome (Robert Herbold)
 - We know better and we're really good at it!
 - I'll do it your way but I'll need 10 more people!
- Risk aversion
 - If I don't have a tape, how can I tell it exists
 - Automation and servers my foot
- Inter vendor communications (euphemism of the year)

Thank you